
**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF**























Beijing Jingneng Clean Energy Co., Limited

北京京能清潔能源電力股份有限公司

(Incorporated in the People's Republic of China)

* The English text of the Articles of Association shall prevail over the Chinese text in case of conflict.

Contents

1		1
2		3
3		4
4		8
5		12
6		13
7		17
8		22
1		22
2		24
3		26
4		28
5		33
9		35
10		38
11		39
1		39
2		41
3		42
12		48
13		50
14		52

15	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	53
$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}} 1$	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	53
$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}} 2$	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	53
16	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	56
17	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	63
18	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	66
19	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	69
$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}} 1$	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	69
$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}} 2$	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	70
20	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	72
21	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	73
22	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	75
23	$\mathcal{S}_{\text{red}}^{\text{red}}$	76

Chapter 1 General

Article 1

W
w
(Company)
A A w
(w), w S w A
S w (S w), S
A A S
A A S
S S

Article 2

w w
S w S w
A A w
(S 2010 .757), S w A
A S 3 A 2010, A
S (S 2010 .822), 13 A 2010, w
30 A 2010, 25 A 2010, w
(91110000101718150)
A A
(A) S A
A A S A

Article 3

北京京能清潔能源電力股份有限公司;
A

Article 4

A... 118, ...
... : 100028
... : 010-87407188/87407189
... : 010-87407187

Article 5

...

Article 6

...

Article 7

A...
...

Article 8

A... A... w...
... S...
... w... A... A... A... A...
... w... w...

Article 9

A... A... A... A... w...
...

A... A...
... (...), ...
... w... A... A...

A... 250, A... A...
...

...
...

Chapter 3 Shares, Registered Capital and Transfer of Shares

Article 15

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares. The company shall register the transfer of shares in the register of shareholders. The company shall also register the transfer of shares in the register of shares.

Article 16

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares.

A shareholder who transfers shares shall be liable for the payment of the shares. The shareholder shall be liable for the payment of the shares in the amount of the shares transferred. The shareholder shall be liable for the payment of the shares in the amount of the shares transferred.

Article 17

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares. The company shall register the transfer of shares in the register of shareholders. The company shall also register the transfer of shares in the register of shares.

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares. The company shall register the transfer of shares in the register of shareholders. The company shall also register the transfer of shares in the register of shares.

Article 18

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares. The company shall register the transfer of shares in the register of shareholders. The company shall also register the transfer of shares in the register of shares.

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares. The company shall register the transfer of shares in the register of shareholders. The company shall also register the transfer of shares in the register of shares.

Article 19

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares. The company shall register the transfer of shares in the register of shareholders. The company shall also register the transfer of shares in the register of shares.

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares. The company shall register the transfer of shares in the register of shareholders. The company shall also register the transfer of shares in the register of shares.

When a shareholder transfers shares, the company shall be notified of the transfer of shares. The company shall register the transfer of shares in the register of shareholders. The company shall also register the transfer of shares in the register of shares.

A $\frac{8,244,508,144}{w_X}$

$\frac{5,081,793,482}{w_X}$ 61.639%

$\frac{92,654,249}{w_X}$ 1.124%

$\frac{224,348,291}{w_X}$ 2.721%

$\frac{16,035,322}{w_X}$ 0.194%

$\frac{2,829,676,800}{w_X}$ 34.322%

Article 22

$\frac{w_X}{w_X}$

Article 23

A $\frac{w_X}{w_X}$

$\frac{w_X}{w_X}$ 15

Article 24

$\frac{w_X}{w_X}$

Article 25

$\frac{8,244,508,144}{w_X}$

Article 26

[illegible]

Article 27

[illegible]

Article 28

[illegible]

Figure 1






Article 29

[illegible][illegible]

Chapter 4 Increase, Reduction and Repurchase of Shares

Article 30

[illegible]

- (1)  $\rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot} \rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot}$;
- (2)  $\rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot} \rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot}$;
- (3)  $\rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot} \rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot}$;
- (4)  $\rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot} \rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot}$;
- (5)  $\rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot} \rightarrow \text{box with cross and dot}$;

Article 31

$$A_{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n} = w_{\alpha_1} \dots w_{\alpha_n} A_{\alpha_1 \dots \alpha_n},$$

Article 32

$\mathcal{W}_1 = \{ \mathbf{w}_1^1, \mathbf{w}_1^2, \mathbf{w}_1^3, \mathbf{w}_1^4, \mathbf{w}_1^5, \mathbf{w}_1^6, \mathbf{w}_1^7, \mathbf{w}_1^8, \mathbf{w}_1^9, \mathbf{w}_1^{10}, \mathbf{w}_1^{11}, \mathbf{w}_1^{12}, \mathbf{w}_1^{13}, \mathbf{w}_1^{14}, \mathbf{w}_1^{15}, \mathbf{w}_1^{16}, \mathbf{w}_1^{17}, \mathbf{w}_1^{18}, \mathbf{w}_1^{19}, \mathbf{w}_1^{20}, \mathbf{w}_1^{21}, \mathbf{w}_1^{22}, \mathbf{w}_1^{23}, \mathbf{w}_1^{24}, \mathbf{w}_1^{25}, \mathbf{w}_1^{26}, \mathbf{w}_1^{27}, \mathbf{w}_1^{28}, \mathbf{w}_1^{29}, \mathbf{w}_1^{30}, \mathbf{w}_1^{31}, \mathbf{w}_1^{32}, \mathbf{w}_1^{33}, \mathbf{w}_1^{34}, \mathbf{w}_1^{35}, \mathbf{w}_1^{36}, \mathbf{w}_1^{37}, \mathbf{w}_1^{38}, \mathbf{w}_1^{39}, \mathbf{w}_1^{40}, \mathbf{w}_1^{41}, \mathbf{w}_1^{42}, \mathbf{w}_1^{43}, \mathbf{w}_1^{44}, \mathbf{w}_1^{45}, \mathbf{w}_1^{46}, \mathbf{w}_1^{47}, \mathbf{w}_1^{48}, \mathbf{w}_1^{49}, \mathbf{w}_1^{50}, \mathbf{w}_1^{51}, \mathbf{w}_1^{52}, \mathbf{w}_1^{53}, \mathbf{w}_1^{54}, \mathbf{w}_1^{55}, \mathbf{w}_1^{56}, \mathbf{w}_1^{57}, \mathbf{w}_1^{58}, \mathbf{w}_1^{59}, \mathbf{w}_1^{60}, \mathbf{w}_1^{61}, \mathbf{w}_1^{62}, \mathbf{w}_1^{63}, \mathbf{w}_1^{64}, \mathbf{w}_1^{65}, \mathbf{w}_1^{66}, \mathbf{w}_1^{67}, \mathbf{w}_1^{68}, \mathbf{w}_1^{69}, \mathbf{w}_1^{70}, \mathbf{w}_1^{71}, \mathbf{w}_1^{72}, \mathbf{w}_1^{73}, \mathbf{w}_1^{74}, \mathbf{w}_1^{75}, \mathbf{w}_1^{76}, \mathbf{w}_1^{77}, \mathbf{w}_1^{78}, \mathbf{w}_1^{79}, \mathbf{w}_1^{80}, \mathbf{w}_1^{81}, \mathbf{w}_1^{82}, \mathbf{w}_1^{83}, \mathbf{w}_1^{84}, \mathbf{w}_1^{85}, \mathbf{w}_1^{86}, \mathbf{w}_1^{87}, \mathbf{w}_1^{88}, \mathbf{w}_1^{89}, \mathbf{w}_1^{90}, \mathbf{w}_1^{91}, \mathbf{w}_1^{92}, \mathbf{w}_1^{93}, \mathbf{w}_1^{94}, \mathbf{w}_1^{95}, \mathbf{w}_1^{96}, \mathbf{w}_1^{97}, \mathbf{w}_1^{98}, \mathbf{w}_1^{99}, \mathbf{w}_1^{100} \}$

1. *Pharmaceuticals* (1998) 10: 101-102.

Article 33

[illegible]

- (1) $\mathbb{E}[\langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle] = \langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle$;
- (2) $\mathbb{E}[\langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle] = \langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle$;
- (3) $\mathbb{E}[\langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle] = \langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle$;
- (4) $\mathbb{E}[\langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle] = \langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle$;
- (5) $\mathbb{E}[\langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle] = \langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle$;
- (6) $\mathbb{E}[\langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle] = \langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle$;
- (7) $\mathbb{E}[\langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle] = \langle \mathbf{X}_i, \mathbf{X}_j \rangle$;

$\mathcal{W}_1 = \{w_1, \dots, w_{|\mathcal{W}_1|}\}$ and $\mathcal{W}_2 = \{w_1, \dots, w_{|\mathcal{W}_2|}\}$ are two sets of words. The words in \mathcal{W}_1 and \mathcal{W}_2 are assumed to be independent of each other. The words in \mathcal{W}_1 and \mathcal{W}_2 are assumed to be independent of each other. The words in \mathcal{W}_1 and \mathcal{W}_2 are assumed to be independent of each other.

Article 34

[illegible]

- (1) ;
- (2) ;
- (3) ;
- (4) ;

[illegible][illegible]

... .. W

[illegible]
$$w_1 A \vdash_{\mathcal{A}} 33(1), (2) \vdash_{\mathcal{A}} A \vdash_{\mathcal{A}} w_1 A$$

(3), (5) (6),

(2) (4);

(1)

[illegible][illegible]

Chapter 5 Financial Assistance for Purchase of Company Shares

Article 39

$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\int_{\Omega} u^2 dx + \int_{\Gamma} u^2 d\sigma \right) = -2 \int_{\Omega} u \Delta u dx - 2 \int_{\Gamma} u \nabla_n u d\sigma$

[illegible][illegible]

Article 40

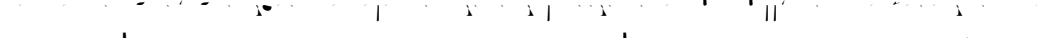


$\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{X}^T (\mathbf{X} \mathbf{X}^T) \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{X}^T \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}$

- [illegible]

[illegible]

Article 41

W A 37

- (1)
- 
- (2)
- 
- (3)
- 

- (4) $\frac{A_{X_1} - A_{X_2}}{A_{X_1} + A_{X_2}} \leq \frac{W_{X_1} - W_{X_2}}{W_{X_1} + W_{X_2}}$;
- (5) $\frac{A_{X_1} - A_{X_2}}{A_{X_1} + A_{X_2}} \geq \frac{W_{X_1} - W_{X_2}}{W_{X_1} + W_{X_2}}$ and $\frac{A_{X_1} - A_{X_2}}{A_{X_1} + A_{X_2}} \geq \frac{W_{X_1} - W_{X_2}}{W_{X_1} + W_{X_2}}$ (where A_{X_1} and A_{X_2} are the absolute values of the eigenvalues of the matrix A corresponding to the eigenvalues λ_1 and λ_2 respectively, and W_{X_1} and W_{X_2} are the absolute values of the eigenvalues of the matrix W corresponding to the eigenvalues λ_1 and λ_2 respectively);
- (6) $\frac{A_{X_1} - A_{X_2}}{A_{X_1} + A_{X_2}} \leq \frac{W_{X_1} - W_{X_2}}{W_{X_1} + W_{X_2}}$ and $\frac{A_{X_1} - A_{X_2}}{A_{X_1} + A_{X_2}} \geq \frac{W_{X_1} - W_{X_2}}{W_{X_1} + W_{X_2}}$ (where A_{X_1} and A_{X_2} are the absolute values of the eigenvalues of the matrix A corresponding to the eigenvalues λ_1 and λ_2 respectively, and W_{X_1} and W_{X_2} are the absolute values of the eigenvalues of the matrix W corresponding to the eigenvalues λ_1 and λ_2 respectively).

Chapter 6 Share Certificates and Register of Shareholders

Article 42

The company shall maintain a register of shareholders, which shall be open to the public inspection. The register shall contain the following information:

(1) The name of the shareholder, his address, and the number of shares held by him;

(2) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(3) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(4) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(5) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(6) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

Article 43

The company shall maintain a register of shareholders, which shall be open to the public inspection. The register shall contain the following information:

(1) The name of the shareholder, his address, and the number of shares held by him;

(2) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(3) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(4) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(5) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(6) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

Article 44

The company shall maintain a register of shareholders, which shall be open to the public inspection. The register shall contain the following information:

(1) The name of the shareholder, his address, and the number of shares held by him;

(2) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(3) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(1) The name of the shareholder, his address, and the number of shares held by him;

(2) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

(3) The date of the issue of the shares, the date of the payment of the full value of the shares, and the date of the payment of the interest on the shares;

Article 48

[illegible]

- [illegible]

Article 49


Article 50

[illegible]

[illegible]

A. $\frac{\text{Number of Shares of Common Stock Owned by the Shareholder}}{\text{Total Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding}} \times 100$ (**Relevant Shares**) \div (**Original Share Certificate**) $\times 100$

$$A_{\mathcal{A}} = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} A_{\mathcal{A}_1} & A_{\mathcal{A}_2} \\ \hline A_{\mathcal{A}_3} & A_{\mathcal{A}_4} \end{array} \right] \quad W_{\mathcal{A}} = \left[\begin{array}{c|c} W_{\mathcal{A}_1} & W_{\mathcal{A}_2} \\ \hline W_{\mathcal{A}_3} & W_{\mathcal{A}_4} \end{array} \right]$$
[illegible][illegible]

- (1) 

- (2) $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4, A_5, A_6, A_7, A_8, A_9, A_{10}, A_{11}, A_{12}, A_{13}, A_{14}, A_{15}, A_{16}, A_{17}, A_{18}, A_{19}, A_{20}, A_{21}, A_{22}, A_{23}, A_{24}, A_{25}, A_{26}, A_{27}, A_{28}, A_{29}, A_{30}, A_{31}, A_{32}, A_{33}, A_{34}, A_{35}, A_{36}, A_{37}, A_{38}, A_{39}, A_{40}, A_{41}, A_{42}, A_{43}, A_{44}, A_{45}, A_{46}, A_{47}, A_{48}, A_{49}, A_{50}, A_{51}, A_{52}, A_{53}, A_{54}, A_{55}, A_{56}, A_{57}, A_{58}, A_{59}, A_{60}, A_{61}, A_{62}, A_{63}, A_{64}, A_{65}, A_{66}, A_{67}, A_{68}, A_{69}, A_{70}, A_{71}, A_{72}, A_{73}, A_{74}, A_{75}, A_{76}, A_{77}, A_{78}, A_{79}, A_{80}, A_{81}, A_{82}, A_{83}, A_{84}, A_{85}, A_{86}, A_{87}, A_{88}, A_{89}, A_{90}, A_{91}, A_{92}, A_{93}, A_{94}, A_{95}, A_{96}, A_{97}, A_{98}, A_{99}, A_{100}\}$

- [illegible]

- [illegible]

[illegible]

Article 58

[illegible]

Article 59

Figure 1: A schematic diagram of the proposed model. The input is a sequence of words w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n . These words are processed by an embedding layer to produce word embeddings $\mathbf{w}_1, \mathbf{w}_2, \dots, \mathbf{w}_n$. These embeddings are then fed into a recurrent neural network (RNN) to produce hidden states $\mathbf{h}_1, \mathbf{h}_2, \dots, \mathbf{h}_n$. The hidden states are then processed by a linear layer to produce a sequence of scores s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n . These scores are then used to calculate the final output y using a softmax function. The diagram also shows a sequence of words w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n and a sequence of hidden states $\mathbf{h}_1, \mathbf{h}_2, \dots, \mathbf{h}_n$ with a transition probability of 1% between them.

W₁ W₂ W₃ W₄ W₅ W₆ W₇ W₈ W₉ W₁₀ W₁₁ W₁₂ W₁₃ W₁₄ W₁₅ W₁₆ W₁₇ W₁₈ W₁₉ W₂₀ W₂₁ W₂₂ W₂₃ W₂₄ W₂₅ W₂₆ W₂₇ W₂₈ W₂₉ W₃₀ W₃₁ W₃₂ W₃₃ W₃₄ W₃₅ W₃₆ W₃₇ W₃₈ W₃₉ W₄₀ W₄₁ W₄₂ W₄₃ W₄₄ W₄₅ W₄₆ W₄₇ W₄₈ W₄₉ W₅₀ W₅₁ W₅₂ W₅₃ W₅₄ W₅₅ W₅₆ W₅₇ W₅₈ W₅₉ W₆₀ W₆₁ W₆₂ W₆₃ W₆₄ W₆₅ W₆₆ W₆₇ W₆₈ W₆₉ W₇₀ W₇₁ W₇₂ W₇₃ W₇₄ W₇₅ W₇₆ W₇₇ W₇₈ W₇₉ W₈₀ W₈₁ W₈₂ W₈₃ W₈₄ W₈₅ W₈₆ W₈₇ W₈₈ W₈₉ W₉₀ W₉₁ W₉₂ W₉₃ W₉₄ W₉₅ W₉₆ W₉₇ W₉₈ W₉₉ W₁₀₀ W₁₀₁ W₁₀₂ W₁₀₃ W₁₀₄ W₁₀₅ W₁₀₆ W₁₀₇ W₁₀₈ W₁₀₉ W₁₁₀ W₁₁₁ W₁₁₂ W₁₁₃ W₁₁₄ W₁₁₅ W₁₁₆ W₁₁₇ W₁₁₈ W₁₁₉ W₁₂₀ W₁₂₁ W₁₂₂ W₁₂₃ W₁₂₄ W₁₂₅ W₁₂₆ W₁₂₇ W₁₂₈ W₁₂₉ W₁₃₀ W₁₃₁ W₁₃₂ W₁₃₃ W₁₃₄ W₁₃₅ W₁₃₆ W₁₃₇ W₁₃₈ W₁₃₉ W₁₄₀ W₁₄₁ W₁₄₂ W₁₄₃ W₁₄₄ W₁₄₅ W₁₄₆ W₁₄₇ W₁₄₈ W₁₄₉ W₁₅₀ W₁₅₁ W₁₅₂ W₁₅₃ W₁₅₄ W₁₅₅ W₁₅₆ W₁₅₇ W₁₅₈ W₁₅₉ W₁₆₀ W₁₆₁ W₁₆₂ W₁₆₃ W₁₆₄ W₁₆₅ W₁₆₆ W₁₆₇ W₁₆₈ W₁₆₉ W₁₇₀ W₁₇₁ W₁₇₂ W₁₇₃ W₁₇₄ W₁₇₅ W₁₇₆ W₁₇₇ W₁₇₈ W₁₇₉ W₁₈₀ W₁₈₁ W₁₈₂ W₁₈₃ W₁₈₄ W₁₈₅ W₁₈₆ W₁₈₇ W₁₈₈ W₁₈₉ W₁₉₀ W₁₉₁ W₁₉₂ W₁₉₃ W₁₉₄ W₁₉₅ W₁₉₆ W₁₉₇ W₁₉₈ W₁₉₉ W₂₀₀ W₂₀₁ W₂₀₂ W₂₀₃ W₂₀₄ W₂₀₅ W₂₀₆ W₂₀₇ W₂₀₈ W₂₀₉ W₂₁₀ W₂₁₁ W₂₁₂ W₂₁₃ W₂₁₄ W₂₁₅ W₂₁₆ W₂₁₇ W₂₁₈ W₂₁₉ W₂₂₀ W₂₂₁ W₂₂₂ W₂₂₃ W₂₂₄ W₂₂₅ W₂₂₆ W₂₂₇ W₂₂₈ W₂₂₉ W₂₃₀ W₂₃₁ W₂₃₂ W₂₃₃ W₂₃₄ W₂₃₅ W₂₃₆ W₂₃₇ W₂₃₈ W₂₃₉ W₂₄₀ W₂₄₁ W₂₄₂ W₂₄₃ W₂₄₄ W₂₄₅ W₂₄₆ W₂₄₇ W₂₄₈ W₂₄₉ W₂₅₀ W₂₅₁ W₂₅₂ W₂₅₃ W₂₅₄ W₂₅₅ W₂₅₆ W₂₅₇ W₂₅₈ W₂₅₉ W₂₆₀ W₂₆₁ W₂₆₂ W₂₆₃ W₂₆₄ W₂₆₅ W₂₆₆ W₂₆₇ W₂₆₈ W₂₆₉ W₂₇₀ W₂₇₁ W₂₇₂ W₂₇₃ W₂₇₄ W₂₇₅ W₂₇₆ W₂₇₇ W₂₇₈ W₂₇₉ W₂₈₀ W₂₈₁ W₂₈₂ W₂₈₃ W₂₈₄ W₂₈₅ W₂₈₆ W₂₈₇ W₂₈₈ W₂₈₉ W₂₉₀ W₂₉₁ W₂₉₂ W₂₉₃ W₂₉₄ W₂₉₅ W₂₉₆ W₂₉₇ W₂₉₈ W₂₉₉ W₃₀₀ W₃₀₁ W₃₀₂ W₃₀₃ W₃₀₄ W₃₀₅ W₃₀₆ W₃₀₇ W₃₀₈ W₃₀₉ W₃₁₀ W₃₁₁ W₃₁₂ W₃₁₃ W₃₁₄ W₃₁₅ W₃₁₆ W₃₁₇ W₃₁₈ W₃₁₉ W₃₂₀ W₃₂₁ W₃₂₂ W₃₂₃ W₃₂₄ W₃₂₅ W₃₂₆ W₃₂₇ W₃₂₈ W₃₂₉ W₃₃₀ W₃₃₁ W₃₃₂ W₃₃₃ W₃₃₄ W₃₃₅ W₃₃₆ W₃₃₇ W₃₃₈ W₃₃₉ W₃₄₀ W₃₄₁ W₃₄₂ W₃₄₃ W₃₄₄ W₃₄₅ W₃₄₆ W₃₄₇ W₃₄₈ W₃₄₉ W₃₅₀ W₃₅₁ W₃₅₂ W₃₅₃ W₃₅₄ W₃₅₅ W₃₅₆ W₃₅₇ W₃₅₈ W₃₅₉ W₃₆₀ W₃₆₁ W₃₆₂ W₃₆₃ W₃₆₄ W₃₆₅ W₃₆₆ W₃₆₇ W₃₆₈ W₃₆₉ W₃₇₀ W₃₇₁ W₃₇₂ W₃₇₃ W₃₇₄ W₃₇₅ W₃₇₆ W₃₇₇ W₃₇₈ W₃₇₉ W₃₈₀ W₃₈₁ W₃₈₂ W₃₈₃ W₃₈₄ W₃₈₅ W₃₈₆ W₃₈₇ W₃₈₈ W₃₈₉ W₃₉₀ W₃₉₁ W₃₉₂ W₃₉₃ W₃₉₄ W₃₉₅ W₃₉₆ W₃₉₇ W₃₉₈ W₃₉₉ W₄₀₀ W₄₀₁ W₄₀₂ W₄₀₃ W₄₀₄ W₄₀₅ W₄₀₆ W₄₀₇ W₄₀₈ W₄₀₉ W₄₁₀ W₄₁₁ W₄₁₂ W₄₁₃ W₄₁₄ W₄₁₅ W₄₁₆ W₄₁₇ W₄₁₈ W₄₁₉ W₄₂₀ W<

[illegible]

Article 60

[illegible]

Article 61


[illegible]

- (1) $\mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi \Rightarrow \mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi$, $\mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi \Rightarrow \mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi$;
- (2) $\mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi \Rightarrow \mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi$, $\mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi \Rightarrow \mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi$;
- (3) $\mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi \Rightarrow \mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi$, $\mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi \Rightarrow \mathcal{A} \vdash_{\text{LTL}} \varphi$;

[illegible]

[illegible]

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{S} &= \{ \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{W} \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{z} \in \mathbb{R}^m, \|\mathbf{z}\|_1 \leq 1, \mathbf{z} \geq 0 \} = \{ \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X} \mathbf{z}, \mathbf{z} \in \mathbb{R}^m, \|\mathbf{z}\|_1 \leq 1, \mathbf{z} \geq 0 \} \\ &= \{ \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^1 \mathbf{z}^1 + \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^2 \mathbf{z}^2 + \dots + \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^m \mathbf{z}^m, \mathbf{z}^i \in \mathbb{R}^m, \|\mathbf{z}^i\|_1 \leq 1, \mathbf{z}^i \geq 0, i = 1, \dots, m \} \\ &= \{ \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^1 \mathbf{z}^1 + \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^2 \mathbf{z}^2 + \dots + \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^m \mathbf{z}^m, \mathbf{z}^i \in \mathbb{R}^m, \|\mathbf{z}^i\|_1 \leq 1, \mathbf{z}^i \geq 0, i = 1, \dots, m \} \\ &= \{ \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^n \mid \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^1 \mathbf{z}^1 + \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^2 \mathbf{z}^2 + \dots + \mathbf{W} \mathbf{X}^m \mathbf{z}^m, \mathbf{z}^i \in \mathbb{R}^m, \|\mathbf{z}^i\|_1 \leq 1, \mathbf{z}^i \geq 0, i = 1, \dots, m \} \end{aligned}$$

(5) 

5. $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.
 6. $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.
 7. $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.
 8. $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.
 9. $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.
 10. $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.

Article 62

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

(2) $A_{\alpha} = \{ \langle \alpha, \beta \rangle \in W : \beta \in A_{\alpha} \}$ ($\alpha \in W$), $A_{\alpha} = \{ \langle \alpha, \beta \rangle \in W : \beta \in A_{\alpha} \}$ ($\alpha \in W$), $A_{\alpha} = \{ \langle \alpha, \beta \rangle \in W : \beta \in A_{\alpha} \}$ ($\alpha \in W$);

[illegible]

Article 63

除前款规定外，对于下列事项，须经出席该会议的股东所持表决权过半数通过：
(1) 修改章程；

(2) 增加或减少注册资本；

(3) 发行公司债券；

(4) 变更公司形式；

(5) 对公司合并、分立、解散、清算或者变更公司类别作出决议；

Chapter 8 General Meeting

Section 1

- (11) A ... A | ... A ...;
- (12) w ... A | ... A ...; || ... w ...
- (13) w ... w ... 30% ...
- (14) w ...
- (15) w ...
- (16) w ... w ... 3% ...
- (17) w ... w ... A | ... A ...

Article 66

$\frac{W}{\lambda} \ll 1$ and $\frac{W}{\lambda} \gg 1$ are the two limiting cases of the general case.

- (1) $A_{\alpha} \rightarrow A_{\beta}$, $w_{\alpha} = 50\%$; $\bar{A}_{\alpha} \rightarrow \bar{A}_{\beta}$;
- (2) $A_{\alpha} \rightarrow A_{\beta}$, $w_{\alpha} = 30\%$; $\bar{A}_{\alpha} \rightarrow \bar{A}_{\beta}$;
- (3) $\bar{A}_{\alpha} \rightarrow \bar{A}_{\beta}$, $w_{\alpha} = 70\%$; $A_{\alpha} \rightarrow A_{\beta}$;
- (4) $A_{\alpha} \rightarrow A_{\beta}$, $w_{\alpha} = 10\%$; $\bar{A}_{\alpha} \rightarrow \bar{A}_{\beta}$;
- (5) $\bar{A}_{\alpha} \rightarrow \bar{A}_{\beta}$; $A_{\alpha} \rightarrow A_{\beta}$;
- (6) $\begin{matrix} \boxed{\times} \\ w \end{matrix} \bar{A}_{\alpha} \rightarrow \bar{A}_{\beta}$, $w_{\alpha} = 10\%$; $A_{\alpha} \rightarrow A_{\beta}$.

Figure 1. *Phragmites australis* (A) and *Spartina patens* (B) in the marsh. A) *Phragmites australis* in the marsh. B) *Spartina patens* in the marsh.

Article 67

[illegible]

Article 68

[illegible]

Article 69

[illegible]

- (1) $\mathbb{E}[\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \mathbf{A}_{ij} \mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{w}_j] = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{A}^T$;
- (2) $\mathbb{E}[\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \mathbf{A}_{ij} \mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{w}_j] = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{A}^T$;
- (3) $\mathbb{E}[\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \mathbf{A}_{ij} \mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{w}_j] = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{A}^T$;
- (4) $\mathbb{E}[\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \mathbf{A}_{ij} \mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{w}_j] = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{A}^T$;
- (5) $\mathbb{E}[\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \mathbf{A}_{ij} \mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{w}_j] = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{A}^T$;
- (6) $\mathbb{E}[\sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n \mathbf{A}_{ij} \mathbf{w}_i \mathbf{w}_j] = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{W} \mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{A}^T$;

Article 70

[illegible][illegible]

Section 2 Proposing and Convening of General Meeting

Article 71

[illegible]

$\frac{w_1}{\sqrt{5}}$

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

- 25

Article 74

[illegible]

Section 3 Proposals and Notices of General Meeting

Article 75

[illegible]

Article 76

W $\frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{j=1}^N \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial X_j} - \frac{X_j}{2} \right) \psi(X)$, $\|W\| = 3\%$, $\frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \sum_{j=1}^N \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial X_j} - \frac{X_j}{2} \right) \psi(X)$

Detailed description of Figure 6: The figure consists of three vertically stacked panels. All panels share the same axes: the horizontal axis is labeled w_{Λ^0} and ranges from 0 to 10; the vertical axis is labeled $\frac{W_{\Lambda^0}}{W_p}$ and ranges from 0 to 3%. Each panel contains three curves corresponding to different values of w_p : $w_p=0$ (blue curve), $w_p=1$ (red curve), and $w_p=2$ (green curve).
 - Top panel: Labeled "NCSM". The curves start near zero at $w_{\Lambda^0}=0$ and rise steadily. At $w_{\Lambda^0}=10$, the ratios are approximately 1.8% for $w_p=0$, 2.2% for $w_p=1$, and 2.5% for $w_p=2$.
 - Middle panel: Labeled "NCM". The trends are similar to the NCSM panel, with slightly lower overall values.
 - Bottom panel: Labeled "NCM". This panel shows significantly higher values than the others, especially at larger w_{Λ^0} . At $w_{\Lambda^0}=10$, the ratios reach approximately 2.8% for $w_p=0$, 3.2% for $w_p=1$, and 3.5% for $w_p=2$.

For $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ and $\mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, we define $\mathbf{A} \otimes \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{n^2 \times n^2}$ as the Kronecker product of \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B} . For $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, we define $\mathbf{A}^{\otimes k} \in \mathbb{R}^{n^k \times n^k}$ as the k -th Kronecker power of \mathbf{A} . For $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, we define $\mathbf{A}^{\otimes k} \otimes \mathbf{W} \in \mathbb{R}^{n^k \times n^k}$ as the k -th Kronecker power of \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{W} .

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ | \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} \text{---} \\ | \\ \text{---} \end{array} \right)$

Article 77

Figure 1 shows a musical score for a single melodic line. The score is written on a five-line staff with a treble clef. It consists of 20 measures. The notation includes various note values (quarter, eighth, sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings. The first measure is marked with a '1' above it. The fifth measure is marked with a '15' below it. The tenth measure is marked with a '10' below it. The fifteenth measure is marked with a '(w)' above it. The twentieth measure is marked with a '20' above it. The score ends with a double bar line.

[illegible]

Article 78

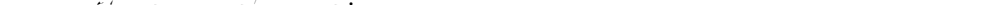
[illegible]

- [illegible]

Article 79

[illegible]

- [illegible]

(4)  This diagram shows a quark line with a gluon loop and a ghost loop, and a ghost line with a gluon loop. The quark line is labeled with q and the ghost line with g . The diagram is labeled (4).

[illegible][illegible]

Article 80

[illegible][illegible]

Article 81

[illegible]

Article 82

[illegible]

Section 4 Convening General Meeting

Article 83

[illegible][illegible]

Article 86

[illegible][illegible]

Article 87

[illegible][illegible]

Article 88

[illegible]

Article 89

[illegible]

Article 90

[illegible]

Section 5 Voting and Resolutions at General Meetings

Article 100

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting.

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

Article 101

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

Article 102

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

Article 103

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

Article 104

At any general meeting, the Chairman of the meeting shall have the right to suspend or adjourn the meeting if the Chairman of the meeting is not present at the meeting within the time specified in the notice of the meeting.

Article 105

A _____ w _____ (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (10), (12), (14) _____ (17) _____ A _____ 63 _____ w _____ w _____ A _____ A _____

Article 106

A _____ w _____ (7), (8), (9), (11), (13) _____ (15) _____ A _____ 63 _____ w _____ A _____ A _____ (16) _____ w _____

Article 107

_____ w _____

Article 108

_____ w _____

Article 109

_____ 10 _____

Article 110

_____ w _____

Chapter 9 Special Procedures for Voting at Class Meeting

Article 111

W

2. $\mathcal{A} \parallel \mathcal{A} \Rightarrow \mathcal{A}$ (Axiom of Reflexivity)

Figure 1. The effect of the number of nodes on the accuracy of the proposed method. The accuracy of the proposed method is plotted against the number of nodes. The accuracy is high and stable for the number of nodes greater than 10.

Figure 1. The structure of the proposed model. The input layer consists of 10 nodes representing the input features. The hidden layer consists of 10 nodes representing the hidden features. The output layer consists of 10 nodes representing the output features. The model is trained using a supervised learning algorithm.

114 118

[illegible]

Article 112

[illegible]

Article 113

[illegible]

1. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx$
2. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx$
3. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx$
4. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx$
5. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right) dx$


[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Chapter 10 Party Committee

Article 119

[illegible][illegible]

Article 120


 This work is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike 4.0 International License.

- (1)
- (2)
- (3)
- (4)

[illegible][illegible]

$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{4}$

The musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written for a single voice and piano accompaniment. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The melody is simple and catchy, with a range of one octave. The piano accompaniment consists of a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a simple bass line in the left hand. The score includes a key signature change to one sharp (F#) for the final section, which is marked 'A'. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat signs.

A. 

[illegible]

Article 135

[illegible]

Section 3 Board of Directors

Article 136

$$(\mathcal{A} \otimes \mathcal{B}) \otimes \mathcal{C} \cong \mathcal{A} \otimes (\mathcal{B} \otimes \mathcal{C}) \quad \text{and} \quad \mathcal{A} \otimes (\mathcal{B} \otimes \mathcal{C}) \cong (\mathcal{A} \otimes \mathcal{B}) \otimes \mathcal{C}.$$

Article 137

$$w_{\lambda} = \frac{1}{|\Lambda|} \sum_{\alpha \in \Lambda} w_{\alpha} \quad \text{with } w_{\alpha} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \alpha \in \Lambda_0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$\mathcal{A}(\mathcal{C}) = \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{A}) \cup \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{A}^c) = (\mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{C}) \cup (\mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{C}^c) = \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{A}^c$
 $\mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{A}^c = \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{A}^c \cup \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{A}^c = \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{A}^c \cup \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{C} = \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{C} \cap (\mathcal{A}^c \cup \mathcal{A}) = \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{C} \cap \mathcal{U} = \mathcal{A} \cup \mathcal{C}$

Article 138

$$p_1 \rightarrow p_2 \rightarrow p_3 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p_n \rightarrow p_{n+1} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p_{n-1} \rightarrow p_n \rightarrow p_{n+1} \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow p_{n-1} \rightarrow p_n \rightarrow p_{n+1} \rightarrow \dots$$

- [illegible]

• $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$ is a family of n sets, $A_i \subseteq X$, $i = 1, \dots, n$.
 • \mathcal{A} is a *partition* of X if $A_i \cap A_j = \emptyset$, $i \neq j$, and $\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i = X$.
 • \mathcal{A} is a *cover* of X if $\bigcup_{i=1}^n A_i = X$.
 • \mathcal{A} is a *refinement* of \mathcal{B} if $A_i \subseteq B_j$ for some j , $i = 1, \dots, n$.
 • \mathcal{A} is a *coarsening* of \mathcal{B} if $B_j \subseteq A_i$ for some i , $j = 1, \dots, m$.
 • \mathcal{A} is a *partition refinement* of \mathcal{B} if \mathcal{A} is a refinement of \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{A} is a partition of X .
 • \mathcal{A} is a *partition coarsening* of \mathcal{B} if \mathcal{A} is a coarsening of \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{A} is a partition of X .
 • \mathcal{A} is a *partition* if \mathcal{A} is a partition of X .
 • \mathcal{A} is a *cover* if \mathcal{A} is a cover of X .
 • \mathcal{A} is a *refinement* if \mathcal{A} is a refinement of \mathcal{B} for some \mathcal{B} .
 • \mathcal{A} is a *coarsening* if \mathcal{A} is a coarsening of \mathcal{B} for some \mathcal{B} .
 • \mathcal{A} is a *partition refinement* if \mathcal{A} is a partition refinement of \mathcal{B} for some \mathcal{B} .
 • \mathcal{A} is a *partition coarsening* if \mathcal{A} is a partition coarsening of \mathcal{B} for some \mathcal{B} .

$\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Y}) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{x}_i, \mathbf{y}_i)$

Article 139

Article 140

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the asymptotic behavior of the solutions of the system (1) as $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$. It is shown that the solutions of the system (1) converge to the solutions of the system (2) in the sense of the weak convergence in the space $L^2(\Omega; \mathbb{R}^n)$.

Figure 1 shows a musical score for a piece titled "A". The score is written for a single melodic line on a five-line staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked "Allegretto" and the time signature is 3/4. The score consists of several measures, some of which are marked with "A" and "w". The notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings.

Figure 1: A schematic diagram of the proposed model. The input image I is processed by a feature extractor F to produce a feature map $F(I)$. This feature map is then processed by a series of blocks A and B to produce the final output W . The blocks A and B are defined as $A(x) = \text{ReLU}(x)$ and $B(x) = \text{ReLU}(x) + x$.

Article 142

(1) $\{ \mathcal{A}_i \}_{i \in \mathbb{N}}$ is a sequence of \mathcal{A} -algebras such that $\mathcal{A}_i \hookrightarrow \mathcal{A}_{i+1}$ for all $i \in \mathbb{N}$ and $\mathcal{A} = \varinjlim \mathcal{A}_i$; \mathcal{A} is the direct limit of the sequence $\{ \mathcal{A}_i \}_{i \in \mathbb{N}}$.

(3) $\{ \langle \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_j \rangle \mid \mathbf{r}_i, \mathbf{r}_j \in \mathcal{R} \text{ and } \mathbf{r}_i \neq \mathbf{r}_j \}$ is a \mathcal{C}_2 -invariant set of pairs of points in \mathcal{R} ;

[illegible]

(7) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{C})$ is a \mathcal{C} -algebra if and only if \mathcal{A} is a \mathcal{C} -algebra and $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{C})$.

[illegible][illegible]

Article 143

[illegible]

Article 144

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Article 145

A₁ A₂ A₃ A₄ A₅ A₆ A₇ A₈ A₉ A₁₀ A₁₁ A₁₂ A₁₃ A₁₄ A₁₅ A₁₆ A₁₇ A₁₈ A₁₉ A₂₀ A₂₁ A₂₂ A₂₃ A₂₄ A₂₅ A₂₆ A₂₇ A₂₈ A₂₉ A₃₀ A₃₁ A₃₂ A₃₃ A₃₄ A₃₅ A₃₆ A₃₇ A₃₈ A₃₉ A₄₀ A₄₁ A₄₂ A₄₃ A₄₄ A₄₅ A₄₆ A₄₇ A₄₈ A₄₉ A₅₀ A₅₁ A₅₂ A₅₃ A₅₄ A₅₅ A₅₆ A₅₇ A₅₈ A₅₉ A₆₀ A₆₁ A₆₂ A₆₃ A₆₄ A₆₅ A₆₆ A₆₇ A₆₈ A₆₉ A₇₀ A₇₁ A₇₂ A₇₃ A₇₄ A₇₅ A₇₆ A₇₇ A₇₈ A₇₉ A₈₀ A₈₁ A₈₂ A₈₃ A₈₄ A₈₅ A₈₆ A₈₇ A₈₈ A₈₉ A₉₀ A₉₁ A₉₂ A₉₃ A₉₄ A₉₅ A₉₆ A₉₇ A₉₈ A₉₉ A₁₀₀ A₁₀₁ A₁₀₂ A₁₀₃ A₁₀₄ A₁₀₅ A₁₀₆ A₁₀₇ A₁₀₈ A₁₀₉ A₁₁₀ A₁₁₁ A₁₁₂ A₁₁₃ A₁₁₄ A₁₁₅ A₁₁₆ A₁₁₇ A₁₁₈ A₁₁₉ A₁₂₀ A₁₂₁ A₁₂₂ A₁₂₃ A₁₂₄ A₁₂₅ A₁₂₆ A₁₂₇ A₁₂₈ A₁₂₉ A₁₃₀ A₁₃₁ A₁₃₂ A₁₃₃ A₁₃₄ A₁₃₅ A₁₃₆ A₁₃₇ A₁₃₈ A₁₃₉ A₁₄₀ A₁₄₁ A₁₄₂ A₁₄₃ A₁₄₄ A₁₄₅ A₁₄₆ A₁₄₇ A₁₄₈ A₁₄₉ A₁₅₀ A₁₅₁ A₁₅₂ A₁₅₃ A₁₅₄ A₁₅₅ A₁₅₆ A₁₅₇ A₁₅₈ A₁₅₉ A₁₆₀ A₁₆₁ A₁₆₂ A₁₆₃ A₁₆₄ A₁₆₅ A₁₆₆ A₁₆₇ A₁₆₈ A₁₆₉ A₁₇₀ A₁₇₁ A₁₇₂ A₁₇₃ A₁₇₄ A₁₇₅ A₁₇₆ A₁₇₇ A₁₇₈ A₁₇₉ A₁₈₀ A₁₈₁ A₁₈₂ A₁₈₃ A₁₈₄ A₁₈₅ A₁₈₆ A₁₈₇ A₁₈₈ A₁₈₉ A₁₉₀ A₁₉₁ A₁₉₂ A₁₉₃ A₁₉₄ A₁₉₅ A₁₉₆ A₁₉₇ A₁₉₈ A₁₉₉ A₂₀₀ A₂₀₁ A₂₀₂ A₂₀₃ A₂₀₄ A₂₀₅ A₂₀₆ A₂₀₇ A₂₀₈ A₂₀₉ A₂₁₀ A₂₁₁ A₂₁₂ A₂₁₃ A₂₁₄ A₂₁₅ A₂₁₆ A₂₁₇ A₂₁₈ A₂₁₉ A₂₂₀ A₂₂₁ A₂₂₂ A₂₂₃ A₂₂₄ A₂₂₅ A₂₂₆ A₂₂₇ A₂₂₈ A₂₂₉ A₂₃₀ A₂₃₁ A₂₃₂ A₂₃₃ A₂₃₄ A₂₃₅ A₂₃₆ A₂₃₇ A₂₃₈ A₂₃₉ A₂₄₀ A₂₄₁ A₂₄₂ A₂₄₃ A₂₄₄ A₂₄₅ A₂₄₆ A₂₄₇ A₂₄₈ A₂₄₉ A₂₅₀ A₂₅₁ A₂₅₂ A₂₅₃ A₂₅₄ A₂₅₅ A₂₅₆ A₂₅₇ A₂₅₈ A₂₅₉ A₂₆₀ A₂₆₁ A₂₆₂ A₂₆₃ A₂₆₄ A₂₆₅ A₂₆₆ A₂₆₇ A₂₆₈ A₂₆₉ A₂₇₀ A₂₇₁ A₂₇₂ A₂₇₃ A₂₇₄ A₂₇₅ A₂₇₆ A₂₇₇ A₂₇₈ A₂₇₉ A₂₈₀ A₂₈₁ A₂₈₂ A₂₈₃ A₂₈₄ A₂₈₅ A₂₈₆ A₂₈₇ A₂₈₈ A₂₈₉ A₂₉₀ A₂₉₁ A₂₉₂ A₂₉₃ A₂₉₄ A₂₉₅ A₂₉₆ A₂₉₇ A₂₉₈ A₂₉₉ A₃₀₀ A₃₀₁ A₃₀₂ A₃₀₃ A₃₀₄ A₃₀₅ A₃₀₆ A₃₀₇ A₃₀₈ A₃₀₉ A₃₁₀ A₃₁₁ A₃₁₂ A₃₁₃ A₃₁₄ A₃₁₅ A₃₁₆ A₃₁₇ A₃₁₈ A₃₁₉ A₃₂₀ A₃₂₁ A₃₂₂ A₃₂₃ A₃₂₄ A₃₂₅ A₃₂₆ A₃₂₇ A₃₂₈ A₃₂₉ A₃₃₀ A₃₃₁ A₃₃₂ A₃₃₃ A₃₃₄ A₃₃₅ A₃₃₆ A₃₃₇ A₃₃₈ A₃₃₉ A₃₄₀ A₃₄₁ A₃₄₂ A₃₄₃ A₃₄₄ A₃₄₅ A₃₄₆ A₃₄₇ A₃₄₈ A₃₄₉ A₃₅₀ A₃₅₁ A₃₅₂ A₃₅₃ A₃₅₄ A₃₅₅ A₃₅₆ A₃₅₇ A₃₅₈ A₃₅₉ A₃₆₀ A₃₆₁ A₃₆₂ A₃₆₃ A₃₆₄ A₃₆₅ A₃₆₆ A₃₆₇ A₃₆₈ A₃₆₉ A₃₇₀ A₃₇₁ A₃₇₂ A₃₇₃ A₃₇₄ A₃₇₅ A₃₇₆ A₃₇₇ A₃₇₈ A₃₇₉ A₃₈₀ A₃₈₁ A₃₈₂ A₃₈₃ A₃₈₄ A₃₈₅ A₃₈₆ A₃₈₇ A₃₈₈ A₃₈₉ A₃₉₀ A₃₉₁ A₃₉₂ A₃₉₃ A₃₉₄ A₃₉₅ A₃₉₆ A₃₉₇ A₃₉₈ A₃₉₉ A₄₀₀ A₄₀₁ A₄₀₂ A₄₀₃ A₄₀₄ A₄₀₅ A₄₀₆ A₄₀₇ A₄₀₈ A₄₀₉ A₄₁₀ A₄₁₁ A₄₁₂ A₄₁₃ A₄₁₄ A₄₁₅ A₄₁₆ A₄₁₇ A₄₁₈ A₄₁₉ A₄₂₀ A

[illegible]

Article 146

[illegible]

- (1) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p_i}] = \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p}]$;
- (2) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p_i}] = \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p}]$;
- (3) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p_i}] = \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p}]$;
- (4) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p_i}] = \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p}]$;
- (5) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p_i}] = \mathbb{E}[\log \frac{1}{p}]$.

Article 147

[illegible]

Article 148

[illegible][illegible]

Article 149

[illegible]

The figure shows a musical score for a piano piece. It is written on a grand staff with two staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked 'Allegretto'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'W' and 'f'. The score is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. There are also some markings that look like '||' and 'f'.

Article 150

[illegible]

Article 151

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x}$$

Article 152

[illegible][illegible]
$$(\Gamma^1 \cup \dots \cup \Gamma^k) \cap \Gamma^i = \emptyset \quad \text{for } i = 1, \dots, k, \quad \text{and} \quad \Gamma^i \cap \Gamma^j = \emptyset \quad \text{for } i \neq j, \quad 1 \leq i, j \leq k. \quad (10)$$

Article 153

[illegible]

- [illegible]

Article 154

\mathbb{S}^1 -action on X is $\mathbb{S}^1 \times X \rightarrow X$ given by $(t, x) \mapsto tx$. Let $\pi: X \rightarrow X/\mathbb{S}^1$ be the quotient map. Then $\pi^* \mathcal{F} = \mathcal{F} \otimes \mathcal{L}$ where $\mathcal{L} = \pi^* \mathcal{O}_{X/\mathbb{S}^1}$. The \mathbb{S}^1 -action on X is free and the quotient map π is a fibration. The map π is a fibration because \mathbb{S}^1 is a Lie group and X is a manifold. The map π is a fibration because \mathbb{S}^1 is a Lie group and X is a manifold. The map π is a fibration because \mathbb{S}^1 is a Lie group and X is a manifold.

Chapter 12 Secretary to the Board of Directors

Article 155

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[\langle \mathbf{u}_i, \mathbf{u}_j \rangle] &= \langle \mathbf{u}_i, \mathbf{u}_j \rangle \quad \text{if } i=j \\ &= 0 \quad \text{if } i \neq j \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

Article 156

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Theorem 1.1.} \quad \text{Let } \mathcal{W} \text{ be a } \mathbb{Z}_2\text{-graded } W\text{-algebra. Then} \\ & \text{the following conditions are equivalent:} \\ & (1) \quad \mathcal{W} \text{ is a } \mathbb{Z}_2\text{-graded } W\text{-algebra.} \\ & (2) \quad \mathcal{W} \text{ is a } \mathbb{Z}_2\text{-graded } W\text{-algebra.} \\ & (3) \quad \mathcal{W} \text{ is a } \mathbb{Z}_2\text{-graded } W\text{-algebra.} \end{aligned}$$

- (6)
-
- Example (6) shows a musical score with two staves. The first staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The second staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The notation is in a standard musical format with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat.
- (7)
-
- Example (7) shows a musical score with two staves. The first staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The second staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The notation is in a standard musical format with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat.
- (8)
-
- Example (8) shows a musical score with two staves. The first staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The second staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The notation is in a standard musical format with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat.
- (9)
-
- Example (9) shows a musical score with two staves. The first staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The second staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The notation is in a standard musical format with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat.
- (10)
-
- Example (10) shows a musical score with two staves. The first staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The second staff contains a sequence of notes, including a half note with a 'w' above it. The notation is in a standard musical format with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat.

Article 157

[illegible]

Article 158

[illegible]

Chapter 13 General Manager

Article 159

[illegible]

1. *Chlorophyll *a** (mg/g) = $\frac{1000 \times \text{Absorbance at } 663 \text{ nm}}{23.04 \times \text{Volume of extract (ml)}}$
 2. *Chlorophyll *b** (mg/g) = $\frac{1000 \times \text{Absorbance at } 646 \text{ nm}}{23.04 \times \text{Volume of extract (ml)}}$
 3. *Total Chlorophyll* (mg/g) = $\frac{1000 \times (\text{Absorbance at } 663 \text{ nm} \times 2.26 + \text{Absorbance at } 646 \text{ nm} \times 96.48)}{23.04 \times \text{Volume of extract (ml)}}$

Article 160

[illegible][illegible]

A. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$

Article 161

[illegible]

- [illegible]

[illegible]

Article 162

Figure 1. Schematic representation of the experimental design. The subjects were divided into two groups: A and B. Group A was exposed to the training and testing conditions, while Group B was exposed to the training condition only. The subjects were exposed to the training condition for 10 days, followed by a 10-day rest period, and then the testing condition. The subjects were exposed to the testing condition for 10 days. The subjects were exposed to the training condition for 10 days, followed by a 10-day rest period, and then the testing condition. The subjects were exposed to the testing condition for 10 days.

Article 163

[illegible]
$$W_{\lambda} = \left(\begin{array}{c} \lambda \\ \lambda_1 \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} \lambda \\ \lambda_2 \end{array} \right) \cdots \left(\begin{array}{c} \lambda \\ \lambda_r \end{array} \right) W_{\lambda_1} \cdots W_{\lambda_r}.$$

- [illegible]

Article 164

[illegible]

Chapter 14 General Counsel

Article 165

[illegible][illegible]

Article 166

Substituting $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}$ into the above equation, we have

Chapter 15 Board of Supervisors

Section 1 Supervisors

Article 167

Figure 3. The effect of the initial concentration of the monomer on the polymerization of α -methylstyrene in the presence of $\text{W}(\text{O}i\text{Pr})_6$ and $\text{W}(\text{O}i\text{Pr})_6/\text{DVT}$ catalyst systems. The polymerization was carried out at 50°C in CH_2Cl_2 for 24 h. The initial concentration of the monomer was 0.5 mol/L. The initial concentration of the catalyst was 1.0×10^{-3} mol/L. The initial concentration of the cocatalyst was 0.01 mol/L. The polymerization was carried out in the presence of $\text{W}(\text{O}i\text{Pr})_6$ and $\text{W}(\text{O}i\text{Pr})_6/\text{DVT}$ catalyst systems. The polymerization was carried out in the presence of $\text{W}(\text{O}i\text{Pr})_6$ and $\text{W}(\text{O}i\text{Pr})_6/\text{DVT}$ catalyst systems.

Article 168

A. $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{16}$, $\frac{1}{16} \times \frac{1}{16} = \frac{1}{256}$, $\frac{1}{256} \times \frac{1}{256} = \frac{1}{65536}$, $\frac{1}{65536} \times \frac{1}{65536} = \frac{1}{4294967296}$

Article 169

[illegible]

Article 170

As a consequence of the above, we have the following theorem.

Article 171

A. The following are the names of the people who are listed in the table, in the order in which they are listed in the table:

Article 172

[illegible]

Article 173

[illegible]

A direct consequence of Lemma 6.1 is the following theorem.

Section 2 Board of supervisors

Article 174

Journal of Management Education 30(6)p. 789-804
© The Author(s) 2006. Reprints and permissions:
<http://www.sagepub.com/journalsPermissions.nav>

Article 175

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} + \frac{1}{\mu} \right) \right)^2 &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} + \frac{1}{\mu} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda^2} + \frac{2}{\lambda\mu} + \frac{1}{\mu^2} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda^2} + \frac{2}{\lambda\mu} + \frac{1}{\mu^2} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda^2} + \frac{2}{\lambda\mu} + \frac{1}{\mu^2} \right) \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$
$$(\frac{W_0}{\lambda} + \frac{\lambda}{W_0}) = (\frac{W_0}{\lambda} + \frac{\lambda}{W_0})_{min}$$

Article 176

[illegible]

Article 177

$$W_{\lambda} = \{w_1, w_2, \dots, w_n\}, W_{\mu} = \{w'_1, w'_2, \dots, w'_n\}$$

- [illegible]

Article 178

[illegible][illegible]

Article 179

[illegible]

Article 180

[illegible][illegible]

Article 181

[illegible][illegible]

Article 182

[illegible][illegible]

- (1) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$, $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$, $\mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{A}_3$, $\mathcal{D} \in \mathcal{A}_4$, $\mathcal{E} \in \mathcal{A}_5$, $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{A}_6$;
- (2) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$, $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$, $\mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{A}_3$, $\mathcal{D} \in \mathcal{A}_4$, $\mathcal{E} \in \mathcal{A}_5$, $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{A}_6$;
- (3) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$, $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$, $\mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{A}_3$, $\mathcal{D} \in \mathcal{A}_4$, $\mathcal{E} \in \mathcal{A}_5$, $\mathcal{F} \in \mathcal{A}_6$.

Article 183

[illegible]

Article 184

[illegible]

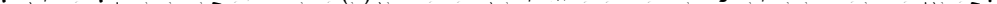
Chapter 16 Qualifications and Obligations of the Company's Directors, Supervisors and Other Senior Management

Article 185

[illegible]

- [illegible]

9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} = \infty$; $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} = -\infty$;

10. 

Article 186

[illegible]

Article 187

[illegible][illegible]

2. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k} = 0$;

[illegible][illegible]

Article 188

Article 189

[illegible]

1. $\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$ is a family of n subsets of X such that $|A_i| = k$ for all i and $|A_i \cap A_j| = t$ for all $i \neq j$; k, t are constants.

2. $\vdash \neg(\exists x(Ax \wedge \forall y(Ay \rightarrow Bxy)) \wedge \forall x(Ax \wedge \forall y(Ay \rightarrow Bxy) \rightarrow \exists z(Az \wedge \forall y(Ay \rightarrow Byz)))$

[illegible]

[illegible]

5. $\{ \langle \mathbf{A}_i, \mathbf{A}_j \rangle \mid i, j = 1, \dots, n \}$ is a family of $n \times n$ matrices with entries in \mathbb{R} such that $\mathbf{A}_i = \mathbf{A}_i^T$ and $\mathbf{A}_i \mathbf{A}_j = \mathbf{A}_j \mathbf{A}_i$ for all $i, j = 1, \dots, n$. Let $\mathbf{W}_i = \mathbf{A}_i \mathbf{A}_1 \mathbf{A}_2 \dots \mathbf{A}_n$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$. Then $\mathbf{W}_i = \mathbf{W}_j$ for all $i, j = 1, \dots, n$.

6. $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{W_n}{n} = W$; $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{W_1}{n} = W_1$; $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{W_2}{n} = W_2$.

[illegible]

8. $\{w_1, \dots, w_n\}$ is a \mathbb{Z} -basis of W_1 and $\{w'_1, \dots, w'_n\}$ is a \mathbb{Z} -basis of W_2 . Then $\{w_1, \dots, w_n, w'_1, \dots, w'_n\}$ is a \mathbb{Z} -basis of $W_1 + W_2$ if and only if $W_1 \cap W_2 = \{0\}$;

9. A A W W

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

$$(1) \quad \dots \quad W;$$

[illegible]

(3) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{H})$ is a \mathcal{K} -operator if and only if $\mathcal{A}^* \in \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{H})$ is a \mathcal{K} -operator.

[illegible]

Article 190

Article 190 of the Law on the Enforcement of Foreign Judgments (Connected Persons) shall apply to the following cases:

1. the judgment is a judgment of a court of first instance; and
2. the judgment is a judgment of a court of first instance (1) or (2);
3. the judgment is a judgment of a court of first instance (1) or (2);
4. the judgment is a judgment of a court of first instance (1), (2) or (3);
5. the judgment is a judgment of a court of first instance (4).

Article 191

Article 191 of the Law on the Enforcement of Foreign Judgments (Connected Persons) shall apply to the following cases:

Article 192

Article 192 of the Law on the Enforcement of Foreign Judgments (Connected Persons) shall apply to the following cases:

Article 193

Article 193 of the Law on the Enforcement of Foreign Judgments (Connected Persons) shall apply to the following cases:

Article 193 of the Law on the Enforcement of Foreign Judgments (Connected Persons) shall apply to the following cases:

Article 201

[illegible]

1. $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ и $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$ являются \mathcal{A}_1 - и \mathcal{A}_2 -неинформативными относительно \mathcal{A} и \mathcal{B} ;
 2. $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ и $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$ являются \mathcal{A}_1 - и \mathcal{A}_2 -информативными относительно \mathcal{A} и \mathcal{B} ;
 3. $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ и $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$ являются \mathcal{A}_1 - и \mathcal{A}_2 -неинформативными относительно \mathcal{A} и \mathcal{B} ;
 4. $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ и $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$ являются \mathcal{A}_1 - и \mathcal{A}_2 -информативными относительно \mathcal{A} и \mathcal{B} ;
- А. \mathcal{A}_1 и \mathcal{A}_2 являются \mathcal{A}_1 - и \mathcal{A}_2 -неинформативными относительно \mathcal{A} и \mathcal{B} ;

[illegible]

- (1)
$$\begin{aligned} & w_1 \cdots w_n \in \mathcal{W}, \quad A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A} \quad \parallel \quad w_1 \cdots w_n \in \mathcal{W}, \quad A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A} \\ & A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A} \quad \parallel \quad A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A} \end{aligned}$$
- (2)
$$\begin{aligned} & w_1 \cdots w_n \in \mathcal{W}, \quad A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A} \quad \parallel \quad w_1 \cdots w_n \in \mathcal{W}, \quad A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A} \\ & A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A} \end{aligned}$$
- (3)
$$w_1 \cdots w_n \in \mathcal{W}, \quad A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A} \quad \parallel \quad w_1 \cdots w_n \in \mathcal{W}, \quad A_1 \cdots A_n \in \mathcal{A}$$

Article 202

[illegible][illegible]

- [illegible]

Article 203

В случае, если в течение года в отношении должника не было возбуждено исполнительное производство, то в течение года с даты окончания года, в котором был признан банкрот, кредиторы не вправе предъявлять требования к должнику.

Chapter 17 Financial Accounting System and Distribution of Profits

Article 204

В случае, если в течение года в отношении должника не было возбуждено исполнительное производство, то в течение года с даты окончания года, в котором был признан банкрот, кредиторы не вправе предъявлять требования к должнику.

Article 205

В случае, если в течение года в отношении должника не было возбуждено исполнительное производство, то в течение года с даты окончания года, в котором был признан банкрот, кредиторы не вправе предъявлять требования к должнику.

В случае, если в течение года в отношении должника не было возбуждено исполнительное производство, то в течение года с даты окончания года, в котором был признан банкрот, кредиторы не вправе предъявлять требования к должнику.

Article 206

В случае, если в течение года в отношении должника не было возбуждено исполнительное производство, то в течение года с даты окончания года, в котором был признан банкрот, кредиторы не вправе предъявлять требования к должнику.

Article 207

В случае, если в течение года в отношении должника не было возбуждено исполнительное производство, то в течение года с даты окончания года, в котором был признан банкрот, кредиторы не вправе предъявлять требования к должнику.

В случае, если в течение года в отношении должника не было возбуждено исполнительное производство, то в течение года с даты окончания года, в котором был признан банкрот, кредиторы не вправе предъявлять требования к должнику.

Article 208

В случае, если в течение года в отношении должника не было возбуждено исполнительное производство, то в течение года с даты окончания года, в котором был признан банкрот, кредиторы не вправе предъявлять требования к должнику.

Article 214

[illegible]

25% of the total sample. The results of the regression analysis are presented in Table 1. The results show that the model explains 25% of the variance in the dependent variable. The results of the regression analysis are presented in Table 1. The results show that the model explains 25% of the variance in the dependent variable.

Article 215

[illegible]

1. $\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{3}{2}$;
2. $\frac{1}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{3}{2}$;

[illegible]

Article 216

[illegible]

Article 217

[illegible]

1. $\mathcal{A} \subseteq \mathcal{B}$ and $\mathcal{B} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$ are both true. $\mathcal{A} \subseteq \mathcal{B}$ is true because \mathcal{A} is a subset of \mathcal{B} . $\mathcal{B} \subseteq \mathcal{A}$ is true because \mathcal{B} is a subset of \mathcal{A} .

[illegible][illegible]

2. $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_k} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_l} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_m} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x_n} \right)^2 \right) dx$

3.

Article 223

[illegible]

Article 224

1. *How many people are there in your family?*
 2. *How many people are there in your class?*
 3. *How many people are there in your school?*
 4. *How many people are there in your country?*
 5. *How many people are there in your world?*

[illegible]

Article 225

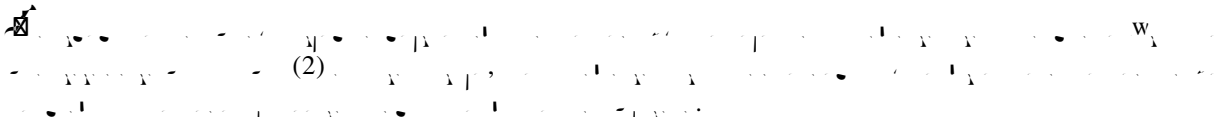

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) e^{-x^2} dx$

Article 226


[illegible][illegible]

(1)

$$(2) \quad \begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \sum_{j=1}^n x_j \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \right) f(x) = W_1(x), \\ & \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \sum_{j=1}^n x_j \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \right) g(x) = W_2(x), \\ & \vdots \\ & \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \sum_{j=1}^n x_j \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \right) h(x) = W_n(x). \end{aligned}$$
[illegible][illegible]

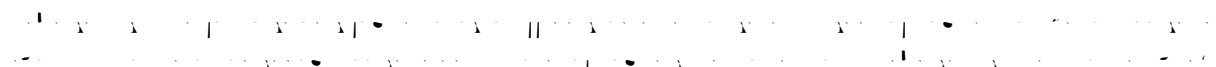
(3)  (2) 

(4) 

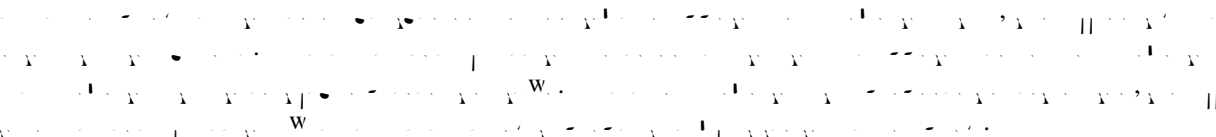
1. 

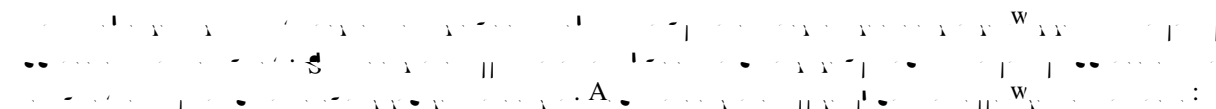
2. 

3. 



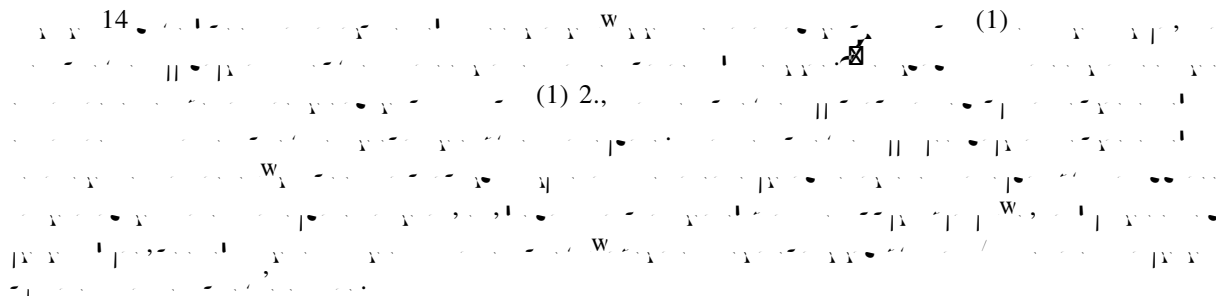
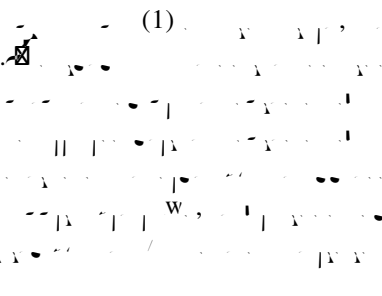
Article 227



(1) 

1. 

2. 

(2)  (1) 

(3)  (1) 

Chapter 19 Merger, Division, Dissolution and Liquidation

Section 1 Merger and Division

Article 228

[illegible][illegible]

Article 229

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Article 230

A. $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \subset \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ are both true.

[illegible]
$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} / \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} \\ & \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} = \frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} \left(\frac{W}{\lambda} \right)_{\text{max}} \end{aligned}$$

Article 231

[illegible]

Section 2 Dissolution and Liquidation

Article 232

[illegible]

- (1) $A_{\alpha\beta}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_{\alpha\beta} - \delta_{\alpha\gamma}\delta_{\beta\gamma})\mathbf{x}^{\gamma}$;
- (2) $\mathbf{A}_{\alpha\beta}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_{\alpha\beta} - \delta_{\alpha\gamma}\delta_{\beta\gamma})\mathbf{x}^{\gamma}$;
- (3) $\mathbf{A}_{\alpha\beta}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_{\alpha\beta} - \delta_{\alpha\gamma}\delta_{\beta\gamma})\mathbf{x}^{\gamma}$;
- (4) $\mathbf{A}_{\alpha\beta}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_{\alpha\beta} - \delta_{\alpha\gamma}\delta_{\beta\gamma})\mathbf{x}^{\gamma}$;
- (5) $\mathbf{A}_{\alpha\beta}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_{\alpha\beta} - \delta_{\alpha\gamma}\delta_{\beta\gamma})\mathbf{x}^{\gamma}$;
- (6) $\mathbf{A}_{\alpha\beta}(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_{\alpha\beta} - \delta_{\alpha\gamma}\delta_{\beta\gamma})\mathbf{x}^{\gamma}$;

Article 233

$A_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_{\alpha\beta} + \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \hat{w}_\gamma)$ (1), (2), (5), (6). $A_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_{\alpha\beta} + \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \hat{w}_\gamma)$

Figure 10. The same as in Figure 9, but for the $232(4)$ representation.

Article 234

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Article 235

$\mathcal{A}^{\text{tr}} = \{A^{\text{tr}}_1, \dots, A^{\text{tr}}_n\}$ and $\mathcal{A}^{\text{tr}} = \{A^{\text{tr}}_1, \dots, A^{\text{tr}}_n\}$ are two sets of matrices. The first set is defined by $A^{\text{tr}}_i = A_i^{\text{tr}}$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$. The second set is defined by $A^{\text{tr}}_i = A_i^{\text{tr}}$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$. The two sets are related by the equation $A^{\text{tr}}_i = A_i^{\text{tr}}$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$.

[illegible]

$\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.
 • $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$ and $\mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \cap \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) = \mathcal{H}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$.

Article 236

[illegible]

- [illegible]

Article 237

$\|X^k - X^*\|_F \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\|X^0 - X^*\|_F + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\|X^0 - X^*\|_F + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\|X^0 - X^*\|_F + \dots \right) \right) \right)$

$\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}^{\text{train}}) = \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}^{\text{test}})$ and $\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}^{\text{train}}) = \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}^{\text{test}})$ are not equal, we can find a set of $\mathbf{X}^{\text{train}}$ and \mathbf{X}^{test} such that $\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}^{\text{train}}) \neq \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}^{\text{test}})$. This is a contradiction. Therefore, $\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}^{\text{train}}) = \mathcal{L}(\mathbf{X}^{\text{test}})$ is a necessary condition for $\mathbf{X}^{\text{train}}$ and \mathbf{X}^{test} to be independent.

[illegible]

[illegible]

\mathbb{A}^1 -homotopy theory, the \mathbb{A}^1 -homotopy groups of a space X are defined as the homotopy groups of the \mathbb{A}^1 -localization of X . The \mathbb{A}^1 -homotopy groups of a space X are denoted by $\pi_n^{\mathbb{A}^1}(X)$. The \mathbb{A}^1 -homotopy groups of a space X are denoted by $\pi_n^{\mathbb{A}^1}(X)$.

[illegible]

Article 241

[illegible][illegible]

Article 243

Article 244

$\mathcal{A} = \{A_1, \dots, A_n\}$ is a family of n sets, $\mathcal{A} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(X)$, where X is a set, then \mathcal{A} is called a *family of sets*.

$\mathcal{W}_A = \{w_1, \dots, w_{|A|}\}$ and $\mathcal{W}_B = \{w_1, \dots, w_{|B|}\}$ are the sets of weights associated with the two sets of nodes. The weights are defined as follows:

$$w_i = \frac{1}{|A|} \text{ for } i \in A, \quad w_i = \frac{1}{|B|} \text{ for } i \in B, \quad w_i = 0 \text{ for } i \notin A \cup B.$$
 The weights are used to calculate the average of the values of the nodes in the set A and the set B . The weights are also used to calculate the average of the values of the nodes in the set $A \cup B$.

- [illegible]

Article 245

Chapter 21 Notice

Article 246

W:

- (1) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$;
- (2) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_3$;
- (3) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_4$;
- (4) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_5$, $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_2$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_1$, $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_3$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_2$, $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_4$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_3$, $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_5$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_4$;
- (5) $\mathcal{A} \in \mathcal{A}_1$ and $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{A}_5$;

Chapter 22 Settlement of Disputes


Article 250

$$W_{\lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad W_{\mu} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad W_{\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- [illegible]

[illegible]

Figure 1. The effect of the W parameter on the χ^2 distribution of the α parameter. The χ^2 distribution of the α parameter is shown for $W = 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.10$. The χ^2 distribution of the α parameter is shown for $W = 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.10$. The χ^2 distribution of the α parameter is shown for $W = 0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04, 0.05, 0.06, 0.07, 0.08, 0.09, 0.10$.

- (2) 

[illegible]

- [illegible]

- (4) $\mathcal{W} = \{w_1, \dots, w_n\}$ is a set of n words, where $w_i = (w_i^1, \dots, w_i^m)$ is a vector of m features.

Chapter 23 Supplementary Articles

Article 251

Definition

- [illegible]

Article 252

[illegible]

Article 253

[illegible]

Article 254

$$w_1 \xrightarrow{A} w_2 \xrightarrow{A} w_3 \xrightarrow{A} w_4 \xrightarrow{A} w_5 \xrightarrow{A} w_6 \xrightarrow{A} w_7 \xrightarrow{A} w_8 \xrightarrow{A} w_9 \xrightarrow{A} w_{10} \xrightarrow{A} w_{11} \xrightarrow{A} w_{12} \xrightarrow{A} w_{13} \xrightarrow{A} w_{14} \xrightarrow{A} w_{15} \xrightarrow{A} w_{16} \xrightarrow{A} w_{17} \xrightarrow{A} w_{18} \xrightarrow{A} w_{19} \xrightarrow{A} w_{20} \xrightarrow{A} w_{21} \xrightarrow{A} w_{22} \xrightarrow{A} w_{23} \xrightarrow{A} w_{24} \xrightarrow{A} w_{25} \xrightarrow{A} w_{26} \xrightarrow{A} w_{27} \xrightarrow{A} w_{28} \xrightarrow{A} w_{29} \xrightarrow{A} w_{30} \xrightarrow{A} w_{31} \xrightarrow{A} w_{32} \xrightarrow{A} w_{33} \xrightarrow{A} w_{34} \xrightarrow{A} w_{35} \xrightarrow{A} w_{36} \xrightarrow{A} w_{37} \xrightarrow{A} w_{38} \xrightarrow{A} w_{39} \xrightarrow{A} w_{40} \xrightarrow{A} w_{41} \xrightarrow{A} w_{42} \xrightarrow{A} w_{43} \xrightarrow{A} w_{44} \xrightarrow{A} w_{45} \xrightarrow{A} w_{46} \xrightarrow{A} w_{47} \xrightarrow{A} w_{48} \xrightarrow{A} w_{49} \xrightarrow{A} w_{50} \xrightarrow{A} w_{51} \xrightarrow{A} w_{52} \xrightarrow{A} w_{53} \xrightarrow{A} w_{54} \xrightarrow{A} w_{55} \xrightarrow{A} w_{56} \xrightarrow{A} w_{57} \xrightarrow{A} w_{58} \xrightarrow{A} w_{59} \xrightarrow{A} w_{60} \xrightarrow{A} w_{61} \xrightarrow{A} w_{62} \xrightarrow{A} w_{63} \xrightarrow{A} w_{64} \xrightarrow{A} w_{65} \xrightarrow{A} w_{66} \xrightarrow{A} w_{67} \xrightarrow{A} w_{68} \xrightarrow{A} w_{69} \xrightarrow{A} w_{70} \xrightarrow{A} w_{71} \xrightarrow{A} w_{72} \xrightarrow{A} w_{73} \xrightarrow{A} w_{74} \xrightarrow{A} w_{75} \xrightarrow{A} w_{76} \xrightarrow{A} w_{77} \xrightarrow{A} w_{78} \xrightarrow{A} w_{79} \xrightarrow{A} w_{80} \xrightarrow{A} w_{81} \xrightarrow{A} w_{82} \xrightarrow{A} w_{83} \xrightarrow{A} w_{84} \xrightarrow{A} w_{85} \xrightarrow{A} w_{86} \xrightarrow{A} w_{87} \xrightarrow{A} w_{88} \xrightarrow{A} w_{89} \xrightarrow{A} w_{90} \xrightarrow{A} w_{91} \xrightarrow{A} w_{92} \xrightarrow{A} w_{93} \xrightarrow{A} w_{94} \xrightarrow{A} w_{95} \xrightarrow{A} w_{96} \xrightarrow{A} w_{97} \xrightarrow{A} w_{98} \xrightarrow{A} w_{99} \xrightarrow{A} w_{100}$$

Article 255

[illegible]